## Claims

- 1. An amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition obtained by blending 1 to 30% by weight of a modified polyolefin resin or a polyamide resin having a melting point of 230°C or lower or being amorphous with an amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide exhibiting an optical anisotropy at softening and flowing and being a wholly aromatic polyester amide obtained by copolymerizing
  - (A) 4-hydroxybenzoic acid,
  - (B) 2-hydroxy-6-naphthoic acid,
  - (C) an aromatic aminophenol and
  - (D) an aromatic dicarboxylic acid,
- wherein (1) the ratio of (C) the aromatic aminophenol is from 7 to 35% by mol,
- (2) the ratio of the bending monomer(s) is from 7 to 35% by mol in the starting monomers,
- (3) the ratio ((A)/(B)) between (A) 4-hydroxybenzoic acid and (B) 2-hydroxy-6-naphthoic acid is from 0.15 to 4.0,
- (4) the ratio of isophthalic acid is at least 35% by mol in (D) the aromatic dicarboxylic acid,
- (5) any melting point is not found by DSC measurement at a temperature rising rate of 20°C/min and
- (6) the glass transition temperature is from 100 to 180°C.
- 2. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the bending monomer is at least one monomer selected from monomers having a 1,3-phenylene skeleton, a 2,3-phenylene skeleton or a 2,3-naphthalene skeleton.
- 3. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the bending monomer is at least one monomer selected from isophthalic acid, phthalic acid, 2,3-naphthalene dicarboxylic acid and derivatives

thereof.

- 4. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the bending monomer is isophthalic acid.
- 5. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein (C) the aromatic aminophenol is p-aminophenol.
- 6. An amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition obtained by blending 1 to 30% by weight of a modified polyolefin resin or a polyamide resin having a melting point of 230°C or lower or being amorphous with an amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide exhibiting an optical anisotropy at softening and flowing and being a wholly aromatic polyester amide obtained by copolymerizing
  - (A) 4-hydroxybenzoic acid,
  - (B) 2-hydroxy-6-naphthoic acid,
  - (C)' an aromatic diamine and
  - (D) an aromatic dicarboxylic acid,
- wherein (1) the ratio of (C)' the aromatic diamine is from 3 to 15% by mol,
- (2) the ratio of the bending monomer(s) is from 7 to 35% by mol in the starting monomers,
- (3) the ratio ((A)/(B)) between (A) 4-hydroxybenzoic acid and (B)
- 2-hydroxy-6-naphthoic acid is from 0.15 to 4.0,
- (4) any melting point is not found by DSC measurement at a temperature rising rate of 20°C/min and
- (5) the glass transition temperature is from 100 to 180°C.
- 7. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 6, wherein the ratio of isophthalic acid is 35% by mol or more in (D) the aromatic dicarboxylic acid.
- 8. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 6, wherein the bending monomer is at least one monomer selected from the

monomer having a 1,3-phenylene skeleton, a 2,3-phenylene skeleton or a 2,3-naphthalene skeleton.

- 9. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 6, wherein the bending monomer is at least one monomer selected from isophthalic acid, phthalic acid, 2,3-naphthalene dicarboxylic acid, 1,3-phenylenediamine and derivatives thereof.
- 10. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in claim 6, wherein the bending monomer is isophthalic acid.
- 11. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 6 to 10, wherein (C)' the aromatic diamine is 1,3-phenylenediamine.
- 12. The amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein the modified polyolefin resin is an acid-modified polyolefin resin.
- 13. A method for manufacturing the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12, by kneading the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide and the modified polyolefin resin at a melting temperature of 180 to 270°C.
- 14. An extrusion molded article formed from the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12.
- 15. A fiber or tube formed from the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12.
- 16. Film or sheet formed from the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12.
- 17. A multilayer film or multilayer sheet formed from the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12 and another polymer.
- 18. The multilayer film or multilayer sheet as claimed in claim 17, wherein the

another polymer is polyolefin.

- 19. A method for manufacturing the film or sheet as claimed in any one of claims 16 to 18, by producing the film at a working temperature of 180 to 270°C.
- 20. A blow molded article formed from the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12.
- 21. A multilayer blow molded article formed from the amorphous wholly aromatic polyester amide composition as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12 and another polymer.
- 22. The multilayer blow molded article as claimed in claim 21, wherein the another polymer is polyolefin.
- 23. The multilayer blow molded article as claimed in claim 22, wherein the polyolefin is a high density polyethylene.
- 24. The blow molded article as claimed in any one of claims 20 to 23, wherein the blow molded article is a fuel tank.
- 25. A method for manufacturing the blow molded article as claimed in any one of claims 20 to 24, by performing molding at a working temperature of 180 to 270°C.